

RESOLUTION NO. 2-21

Camden County Insurance Commission
(hereinafter the "Insurance Commission")

BE IT RESOLVED by the Insurance Commission's governing body that effective 01/01/2021 the 2021 Plan of Risk Management shall be:

- 1.) The perils or liability to be insured against.
 - a.) The Insurance Commission insures the following perils or liability:
 - Workers' Compensation including Employer's Liability, USL&H and Harbor Marine/Jones Act.
 - General Liability including Law Enforcement Liability Employee Benefits Liability, Automobile Liability (including PIP and Uninsured/Underinsured Motorists Coverage).
 - Property, Auto Physical Damage and Boiler & Machinery.
 - b.) The following coverage are provided to the Insurance Commission's member entities by their membership in the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund (NJCF).
 - Excess Workers' Compensation including Employers Liability
 - Excess Liability
 - Excess Property including Boiler and Machinery
 - Public Officials Liability/School Board Legal/EPL
 - Crime
 - Pollution Liability
 - Medical Professional and General Liability
 - Employed Lawyers Liability
 - Cyber Liability
 - Non-Owned Aircraft Liability
- 2.) The limits of coverage.

- a.) Workers' Compensation limits.
 - Workers' Compensation: Statutory
 - Employer's Liability: \$26,150,000
 - CCPD: \$10,000,000
 - USL&H: Included
 - Harbor Marine/Jones Act: Included

- a.) Excess Liability (General, Automobile, Law Enforcement, Employee Benefits, Sexual Abuse Liability) limits.
 - \$20,000,000 each / \$30,000,000 aggregate (Automobile Liability is unaggregated).
 - CCPD:
 - Law Enforcement/General Liability: \$20,000,000 each/aggregate
 - Automobile Liability: \$15,000,000 each
 - Subsidence: \$750,000
 - Owned Watercraft 35' in length or less: \$750,000
 - Garage Liability: \$750,000
 - Personal Injury Protection (PIP): \$250,000
 - Underinsured/Uninsured Motorists Liability: \$15,000 / \$30,000 / \$5,000

- d.) Public Officials/School Board Legal/Employment Practices Liability
 - \$10,000,000 each claim / aggregate
 - Camden County Health Services: \$1,000,000 each claim / aggregate
 - Camden County College – Sexual Abuse/Molestation: \$1,000,000
 - Retentions:
 - Camden County: \$250,000
 - Camden County College:
 - SBL: \$25,000
 - EPL: \$50,000

- Sexual Abuse/Molestation: \$100,000
- Camden County College Foundation:
 - SBL: \$25,000
 - EPL: \$50,000
- Camden County MUA:
 - POL: \$25,000
 - EPL: \$100,000
- Camden County BoSS:
 - POL: \$25,000
 - EPL: \$100,000
- Camden County IA: \$25,000
- Camden County Police (EPL): \$250,000
- Camden Pollution Control: \$25,000

e.) Property/Equipment Breakdown

- a. All Risk: \$110,000,000 Per Occurrence with Zurich American Insurance Company
- b. Excess All-Risk: \$150,000,000 Per Occurrence (excess \$110m) with various insurers on a quota share basis
- c. Flood: \$50,000,000 Aggregate (excess Zurich) with various insurers on a quota share basis, except
 - i. Flood, SFHA: \$25,000,000 Aggregate
- d. Earthquake: \$100,000,000 Aggregate (excess Zurich) with various insurers on a quota share basis
- e. Vehicles (PD Only): \$15,000,000
 - i. Time Element/Extra Expense: \$500,000 (NJCE/Member)

Property Deductibles

- The standard member insurance commission retention is \$250,000 per occurrence less member entity per occurrence deductibles below. Also applies to time element, auto physical damage and flood (except as noted below).
 - Camden County - \$250,000 Property and Auto Physical Damage
 - Camden County College & Camden County College Foundation- \$25,000 Property and \$500 Auto Physical Damage
 - Camden County Board of Social Services - \$250,000 Property and Auto Physical Damage
 - Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority - \$25,000 Property "All Other Perils" except \$1,000 for Auto Physical Damage, \$5,000 for mobile equipment, \$5,000 for EDP (except for the perils of earthquake and flood as

stated below) & \$5,000 for underground piping (except for the perils of earthquake and flood as stated below).

- Camden County Health Services - \$250,000 Property and \$1,000 Auto Physical Damage
 - Camden County Pollution Control Finance Authority - \$5,000 Property and \$1,000 Auto Physical Damage
 - Camden County Improvement Authority - \$2,500
 - Camden County Department of Police Services - \$0 Property, Auto Physical Damage and Equipment
- Breakdown Effective 4/8/13
- Equipment Breakdown: \$50,000
 - Flood, SFHA: \$500,000
 - Named Storm as respects to covered property in Atlantic, Ocean, Monmouth and Burlington Counties located east of the Garden State Parkway and any covered property in Cape May County”
 - Property Damage: 1% of the value, per the Schedule of Values on file with the company as of the date of loss, for those Buildings where the direct physical loss or damage occurred, per occurrence
 - Time Element: 1% of the full 12 months Gross Earnings or Gross Profit values that would have been earned following the occurrence by use of the facilities at the Location where the direct physical loss or damage occurred and all other Locations where Time Element loss ensues, per occurrence.
 - Minimum deductible: \$500,000 per occurrence
 - Maximum deductible: \$5,000,000
 - Note: The Camden County Insurance Commission provides coverage for the difference in deductible for “insured property” resulting from “insured perils” (per the terms and conditions of the Zurich policy through the NJC JIF), but only for what is not reimbursed by FEMA less the member entity deductible. The Camden County Insurance Commission will not provide coverage for the difference in deductible for time element loss.

f.) Crime

Limit per occurrence (all coverage parts):

- Camden County – \$4,000,000 (including the Camden County Department of Police Services)
- Camden County Health Services - \$1,000,000
- Camden County Municipal Utility Authority - \$1,000,000

- Camden County Board of Social Services - \$1,000,000
- Camden County College - \$1,000,000
- Camden County Pollution Control Finance Authority - \$1,000,000
- Camden County Improvement Authority – Not Covered

Deductible per occurrence (each coverage part):

- Camden County – \$50,000 (including the Camden County Department of Police Services)
- Camden County Health Services - \$15,000
- Camden County Municipal Utility Authority - \$10,000
- Camden County Board of Social Services - \$10,000
- Camden County College - \$10,000
- Camden County Pollution Control Finance Authority - \$10,000

g.) Pollution Liability

The NJC via the commercial market provides pollution liability coverage at the following limits and deductibles (the Insurance Commission retains no risk for Pollution Liability):

- Limit of Liability: \$10,000,000 per claim and \$25,000,000 annual aggregate
- Member Entity Deductible: \$25,000

h.) Medical Professional General Liability/Excess Medical Professional

- Limit per claim/annual aggregate: \$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
- Excess Limit annual aggregate: \$20,000,000/\$20,000,000
- Member Entity Deductibles GL and PL:
 - Camden County Clinic – \$5,000
 - Camden County Health Services (Behavioral Operations and LTC Operation Divested Operation) – \$25,000 GL & \$50,000 PL
 - Camden County Medical Reserve Corps - \$5,000
 - Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority – Not Applicable
 - Camden County Board of Social Services – Not Applicable
 - Camden County Allied College Nursing Program – \$5,000
 - Camden County Pollution Control Finance Authority – Not Applicable

- Camden County Improvement Authority – Not applicable

i.) Employed Lawyers Professional Liability

- Limit per claim and annual aggregate:
\$5,000,000/\$10,000,000
- Member Entity Self Insured Retentions:
 - Camden County \$50,000
 - Camden County College: \$25,000
 - Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority:
\$25,000
 - Camden County Board of Social Services:
\$25,000

j.) Cyber Liability – Network Privacy & Security Liability

- Limits per claim and annual aggregate:
 - Cyber, Privacy and Security Liability: \$4,000,000
- Retention per member entity:
 - \$100,000
 - Time Element: 12 Hours
 - Incident Response Coach: \$10,000

k.) Non-Owned Aircraft.

- Limit: \$9,000,000 CSL for Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability
 - Medical Expenses: \$5,000
 - Rotor Wing: \$5,000,000

NOTICE: The above description is a general overview of the coverage and limits provided by the Insurance Commission. The actual terms and conditions are defined in the individual policy documents and this Risk Management Plan. All issues and/or conflicts shall be decided upon by the individual policy documents.

3.) The amount of risk to be retained by the Insurance Commission (except as noted in section 2. Limits of coverage):

a.) Workers' Compensation (all coverages) - \$300,000 CSL

b.) Liability (all coverages) - \$250,000 CSL

- Underinsured/Uninsured - \$15,000/\$30,000/\$5,000 CSL
- Personal Injury Protection - \$250,000 CSL

- c.) Public Officials Liability/School Board Legal/Employment Practices Liability
 - a. All Other: \$0
 - b. CCPD: \$250,000
 - d.) Property/APD - \$250,000 per occurrence less member entity deductibles.
 - a. CCPD Breakdown: \$50,000
 - b. CCPD Named Storm: 1%/1%/\$500,000 minimum/\$5,000,000 aggregate
 - c. Flood, SFHA: \$500,000
 - d. Named Storm, High Hazard: \$500,000
 - e.) Crime
 - a. All Other: \$0
 - b. CCPD: \$50,000
 - f.) Pollution Liability
 - a. All Other: \$0
 - b. CCPD: \$25,000
 - g.) Medical Professional General Liability – None
 - h.) Employed Lawyers Liability – None
 - i.) Cyber Liability
 - a. All Other: \$0
 - b. CCPD: \$100,000/12 Hours/\$10,000
 - j.) Non Owned Aircraft – None
- 4.) The amount of unpaid claims to be established.
- a.) The general reserving philosophy is to set reserves based upon the probable total cost of the claim at the time of conclusion. Historically, on claims aged eighteen (18) months, the Insurance Commission expects the claims servicing company to set reserves at 85% accuracy. The Insurance Commission also establishes reserves recommended by the Insurance Commission’s Actuary for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported so that the Insurance Commission has adequate reserves to pay all claims and allocated loss adjusted expense liability.
 - b.) Claims reserves are subject to regular review by the Insurance Commission’s Executive Director/Administrator, Attorney, Board of

Commissioners and claims servicing company. Reserves on large or unusual claims are also subject to review by the claims departments of the commercial insurance companies or reinsurance companies providing primary or excess coverages to the Insurance Commission either directly or through the NJC JIF.

5.) The method of assessing contributions to be paid by each member of the Insurance Commission.

- a.) By November 15th of each year, the actuary computes the probable net cost for the upcoming Insurance Commission year by line of coverage and for each prior Insurance Commission year. The Actuary includes all budget items in these computations. The annual assessment of each participating member entity is its pro rata share of the probable net cost of the upcoming Insurance Commission year for each line of coverage as computed by the Actuary.
- b.) The calculation of pro rata shares is based on each member's experience modified manual premium for that line of coverage. The Insurance Commission's Governing Body also adopts a capping formula which limits the increase of any member's assessment from the preceding year to the Insurance Commission wide average increase plus a percentage selected by the Governing Body. The total amount of each member's annual assessment is certified by majority vote of the Insurance Commission's Governing Body at least one (1) month prior to the beginning of the next fiscal year.
- c.) The Treasurer deposits each member's assessment into the appropriate accounts, including the administrative account, and the claim or loss retention trust Insurance Commission account by Insurance Commission year for each type of coverage in which the member participates.
- d.) If a member entity becomes a member of the Insurance Commission or elects to participate in a line of coverage after the start of the Insurance Commission year, such participant's assessments and supplement assessments are reduced in proportion to that part of the year which had elapsed.
- e.) The Insurance Commission's Governing Body may, by majority vote, levy upon the participating member entities additional assessments wherever needed or so ordered by the Commissioner of Insurance to supplement the Insurance Commission's claim, loss retention or administrative accounts to assure the payment of the Insurance Commission's obligations. All supplemental assessments are charged to the participating member entities by applicable

Insurance Commission year, and shall be apportioned by the year's assessments for that line of coverage.

- f.) Should any member fail or refuse to pay its assessments or supplemental assessments, or should the Insurance Commission fail to assess funds required to meet its obligations, the Chairman, or in the event by his or her failure to do so, the custodian of the Insurance Commission's assets, shall notify the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and the Director of Community Affairs. Past due assessments shall bear interest at the rate established annually by the Insurance Commission's Governing Body.

6.) Procedures governing loss adjustment and legal expenses.

- a.) The Insurance Commission engages a claims service company to handle all claims. The performance of the claims adjusters is monitored and periodically audited by the Executive Director's office, the Insurance Commission Attorney, the NJC's attorney's office, as well as the claims department of the NJC's major excess insurers (i.e. Munich, Old Republic for excess liability; Safety National Casualty Company for workers' compensation). Every three years, the NJC's internal auditors may conduct an audit.
- b.) Each member entity is provided with a claim reporting procedure and appropriate forms.
- c.) In order to control workers' compensation medical costs, the Insurance Commission has engaged a managed care organization (MCO) component *through its contract with the claims service company* whose procedures are integrated into the Insurance Commission's claims process.
- d.) To provide for quality defense and control costs, the Insurance Commission has established an approved defense attorney panel with firms which specialize in Title 59 matters. The performance of the defense attorneys is overseen by the Insurance Commission Attorney, as well as, the various firms which audit the claims adjusters.

7.) Coverage to be purchased from a commercial insurer, if any.

The Insurance Commission does purchase commercial insurance for CCPD. For CCPD, the Insurance Commission purchases excess law enforcement, general liability and automobile liability from QBE, Genesis, Kinsale, Munich and Old Republic. The Insurance Commission also purchases excess workers compensation from Midlands.

The Insurance Commission purchases a commercial crime bond to provide coverage in the event of an employee theft loss caused by the Insurance Commission's TPA, Executive Director, and/or Treasurer. The bond is purchased from Selective Fire and Casualty Insurance Company.

8.) Reinsurance to be purchased.

The Insurance Commission does not purchase reinsurance.

9.) Procedures for the closure of Insurance Commission years, including the maintenance of all relevant accounting records.

a.) Not applicable at this time.

10.) Assumptions and Methodology used for the calculation of appropriate reserves requirements to be established and administered in accordance with sound actuarial principles.

a.) The general approach in estimating the loss reserves of the Insurance Commission is to project ultimate losses for each Insurance Commission year using paid and incurred loss data. Two traditional actuarial methodologies are used: the paid loss development method and the incurred loss development method. From the two different indications resulting from these methods the Insurance Commission Actuary chooses a "select" estimate of ultimate losses. Subtraction of the paid losses from the select ultimate losses yields the loss reserve liability or Insurance Commission funding requirement.

b.) The following is an overview of the two actuarial methods used to project the ultimate losses.

- Paid Loss Development Method - This method uses historical accident year paid loss patterns to project ultimate losses for each accident year. Because this method does not use case reserve data, estimates from it are not affected by changes in case reserving practices. However, the results of this method are sensitive to changes in the rate of which claims are settled and losses are paid, and may underestimate ultimate losses if provisions are not included for very large open claims.
- Case Incurred Loss Development Method - This method is similar to the paid loss development method except it uses historical case incurred loss patterns (paid plus case outstanding reserves) to estimate ultimate losses. Because the data used

includes case reserve estimates, the results from this method may be affected by changes in case reserve adequacy.

11.) The maximum amount a certifying and approving officer may approve pursuant to N.J.A.C. 11:15-2.22.

- 10% of partial total not to exceed \$15,000 for workers compensation claims (Effective 12/11/14)
- \$7,500 for liability claims
- With the advance approval of the Insurance Commission Attorney or Executive Director, the certifying and approving officer may also pay hospital bills if waiting until after the next regularly scheduled Insurance Commission meeting would result in the loss of a discount on such bills. When the certifying and
- approving officer utilizes this authority, a report shall be made to the Commissioners at their next meeting.

Adopted by the Governing Body this 28 day of January, 2021,
Camden County Insurance Commission

By: 

Chairperson

Attest: 